

6560-50-P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 52

[EPA-R04-OAR-2019-0457; FRL-10006-21-Region 4]

Air Plan Approval; Georgia; Revisions to Aerospace VOC Rule

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) is taking final action to approve a State Implementation Plan (SIP) revision submitted by the State of Georgia, through the Georgia Environmental Protection Division (GA EPD), on June 6, 2019, for the purpose of updating Georgia's rule titled *Volatile Organic Compound (VOC) Emissions from Aerospace Manufacturing and Rework Facilities*. EPA is taking final action on this Georgia SIP revision because it is consistent with the Clean Air Act (CAA or Act).

DATES: Effective [INSERT DATE OF PUBLICATION IN THE FEDERAL REGISTER].

ADDRESSES: EPA has established a docket for this action under Docket Identification No.

EPA-R04-OAR-2019-0457. All documents in the docket are listed on the www.regulations.gov web site. Although listed in the index, some information is not publicly available, i.e.,

Confidential Business Information or other information whose disclosure is restricted by statute.

Certain other material, such as copyrighted material, is not placed on the Internet and will be publicly available only in hard copy form. Publicly available docket materials are available either electronically through www.regulations.gov or in hard copy at the Air Regulatory

Management Section, Air Planning and Implementation Branch, Air and Radiation Division,

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 4, 61 Forsyth Street, SW, Atlanta, Georgia 30303-8960. EPA requests that if at all possible, you contact the person listed in the **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT** section to schedule your inspection. The Regional Office's official hours of business are Monday through Friday 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., excluding Federal holidays.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Evan Adams, Air Regulatory Management Section, Air Planning and Implementation Branch, Air and Radiation Division, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 4, 61 Forsyth Street, SW, Atlanta, Georgia 30303-8960. The telephone number is (404) 562-9009. Mr. Adams can also be reached via electronic mail at adams.evan@epa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background

GA EPD submitted a SIP revision, through a letter dated June 6, 2019, to EPA for review and approval into the Georgia SIP. The revision contains changes to Georgia's air quality rules in Rule 391-3-1-.02(2)(kkk). More specifically, the submission amends reasonably available control technology (RACT) requirements applicable to VOC emissions from aerospace manufacturing and rework facilities at Georgia Rule 391-3-1-.02(2)(kkk). The rule changes incorporate EPA's December 7, 2015 (80 FR 76152) revisions to the National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants. The changes in the June 6, 2019, submittal replicate updates made to 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart GG, and are compliant with the State's RACT requirements. Furthermore, EPA does not foresee any emissions increase from this SIP revision. See EPA's January 13, 2020 (85 FR 1796) Notice of Proposed Rulemaking (NPRM) for further

detail on the changes made in the June 6, 2019, submittal and EPA's rationale for approving these revisions. Comments were due on or before February 12, 2020. EPA received no comments on the NPRM. Therefore, EPA is approving the changes in this action.

II. Incorporation by Reference

In this document, EPA is finalizing regulatory text that includes incorporation by reference. In accordance with requirements of 1 CFR 51.5, EPA is finalizing the incorporation by reference of Georgia Rule 391-3-1-.02(2)(kkk) entitled "VOC Emissions from Aerospace Manufacturing and Rework Facilities," state effective February 17, 2019, which incorporates revisions to the emission standards for specialty coatings, allows for annual purchase records of certain coatings, exempts two additional application methods, and updates definitions. EPA has made, and will continue to make, these materials generally available through www.regulations.gov and at the EPA Region 4 Office (please contact the person identified in the "For Further Information Contact" section of this preamble for more information). Therefore, these materials have been approved by EPA for inclusion in the State implementation plan, have been incorporated by reference by EPA into that plan, are fully federally enforceable under sections 110 and 113 of the CAA as of the effective date of the final rulemaking of EPA's approval, and will be incorporated by reference in the next update to the SIP compilation.¹

III. Final Action

EPA is approving the Georgia SIP revision to Rule 391-3-1-.02(2)(kkk), "VOC Emissions from Aerospace Manufacturing and Rework Facilities," submitted on June 6, 2019. EPA has evaluated Georgia's submittal and determined that it meets the applicable requirements

¹ See 62 FR 27968 (May 22, 1997).

of the CAA and EPA regulations.

IV. Statutory and Executive Order Reviews

Under the CAA, the Administrator is required to approve a SIP submission that complies with the provisions of the Act and applicable Federal regulations. *See* 42 U.S.C. 7410(k); 40 CFR 52.02(a). Thus, in reviewing SIP submissions, EPA's role is to approve state choices, provided that they meet the criteria of the CAA. This action merely approves state law as meeting Federal requirements and does not impose additional requirements beyond those imposed by state law. For that reason, this action:

- Is not a significant regulatory action subject to review by the Office of Management and Budget under Executive Orders 12866 (58 FR 51735, October 4, 1993) and 13563 (76 FR 3821, January 21, 2011);
- Is not an Executive Order 13771 (82 FR 9339, February 2, 2017) regulatory action because SIP approvals are exempted under Executive Order 12866;
- Does not impose an information collection burden under the provisions of the Paperwork
 Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.);
- Is certified as not having a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 et seq.);
- Does not contain any unfunded mandate or significantly or uniquely affect small governments, as described in the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 (Public Law 104-4);
- Does not have Federalism implications as specified in Executive Order 13132 (64 FR 43255, August 10, 1999);

- Is not an economically significant regulatory action based on health or safety risks subject to Executive Order 13045 (62 FR 19885, April 23, 1997);
- Is not a significant regulatory action subject to Executive Order 13211 (66 FR 28355, May 22, 2001);
- Is not subject to requirements of Section 12(d) of the National Technology Transfer and Advancement Act of 1995 (15 U.S.C. 272 note) because application of those requirements would be inconsistent with the CAA; and
- Does not provide EPA with the discretionary authority to address, as appropriate,
 disproportionate human health or environmental effects, using practicable and legally
 permissible methods, under Executive Order 12898 (59 FR 7629, February 16, 1994).

The SIP is not approved to apply on any Indian reservation land or in any other area where EPA or an Indian tribe has demonstrated that a tribe has jurisdiction. In those areas of Indian country, the rule does not have tribal implications as specified by Executive Order 13175 (65 FR 67249, November 9, 2000), nor will it impose substantial direct costs on tribal governments or preempt tribal law.

The Congressional Review Act, 5 U.S.C. 801 *et seq.*, as added by the Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act of 1996, generally provides that before a rule may take effect, the agency promulgating the rule must submit a rule report, which includes a copy of the rule, to each House of the Congress and to the Comptroller General of the United States. EPA will submit a report containing this action and other required information to the U.S. Senate, the U.S. House of Representatives, and the Comptroller General of the United States prior to publication of the rule in the Federal Register. A major rule cannot take effect until 60 days after

it is published in the <u>Federal Register</u>. This action is not a "major rule" as defined by 5 U.S.C.

804(2).

Under section 307(b)(1) of the CAA, petitions for judicial review of this action must be

filed in the United States Court of Appeals for the appropriate circuit by [Insert date 60 days

after date of publication of this document in the Federal Register]. Filing a petition for

reconsideration by the Administrator of this final rule does not affect the finality of this action

for the purposes of judicial review nor does it extend the time within which a petition for judicial

review may be filed, and shall not postpone the effectiveness of such rule or action. This action

may not be challenged later in proceedings to enforce its requirements. See section 307(b)(2).

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 52

Environmental protection, Incorporation by reference, Ozone, Reporting and

recordkeeping requirements, Volatile organic compounds.

Dated: February 24, 2020.

Mary S. Walker,

Regional Administrator,

Region 4.

6

PART 52 – APPROVAL AND PROMULGATION OF IMPLEMENTATION PLANS

1. The authority citation for part 52 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.

Subpart L - Georgia

2. In § 52.570 amend the table in paragraph (c), by revising the entry for "391-3-1-.02(2)(kkk)" under "Emission Standards" to read as follows:

§ 52.570 Identification of plan.

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(c) * * *

EPA APPROVED GEORGIA REGULATIONS

State citation	Title/subject	State effective date	EPA approval date	Explanation
**	**	*	*	*
391-3-102(2)	Emission Standards			
**	**	*	*	*
	VOC Emissions from Aerospace Manufacturing and Rework Facilities.		[Insert date of publication in Federal Register], [Insert citation of publication]	
**	**	*	*	*

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[FR Doc. 2020-04654 Filed: 3/10/2020 8:45 am; Publication Date: 3/11/2020]